



The Government Gazette.

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Vol. 2, No. 1.]

NEW WESTMINSTER, JUNE 6th, 1863.

[Price 12½ cents.

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Government Gazette.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION

TO

The Government Gazette

are \$5 per annum, \$2.75 per half-year, and \$1.50 per quarter, payable in advance. Single copies, 12½ cents each, to be obtained of Messrs. Clarkson & Co., New Westminster, and of the Express Agents in the other towns.

A yearly subscriber, for at least two copies, may have his name, business, and address inserted free in each number of the *Gazette*.

Communications to be addressed, and subscriptions to be remitted, to the Editor of the *Government Gazette*, Royal Engineer Camp, New Westminster.

By order of the Governor,

R. C. MOODY,

Colonel, R. E., and Chief Commissioner.

Lands and Works Department,
New Westminster,
6th May, 1863.

Colonial Secretary's Notices.

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

COLONIAL SECRETARY'S OFFICE,
22ND DECEMBER, 1862.

WITH reference to a Notice dated 26th July, 1862, announcing that all Official Notices and Advertisements thereafter to be issued which should of custom or necessity appear in the *Government Gazette* were, until further notice, when published in the *British Columbian* newspaper, to be taken and deemed in all cases and for all purposes to have been duly published in the *Government Gazette*. Notice is hereby given that after the 31st December, 1862, the *Government Gazette* will be issued as a separate publication, and no Notice published in the aforesaid *British Columbian* newspaper after the 31st December, 1862, is to be taken or deemed to have been published in the *Government Gazette*, as aforesaid.

By order of the Governor,
WILLIAM A. G. YOUNG.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

COLONIAL SECRETARY'S OFFICE,
22nd December, 1862.

NOTICE is hereby given that on and after the 1st January, 1863, until further notice, the Gold coins of the United States of America will be taken at the Public Departments of this Government at the rate of Four Dollars and Eighty-five cents to the £ Sterling.

2. That portion of the printed circular issued on the 30th August 1859, which directs that the Five Dollar piece be taken as equivalent to the Sovereign, is to be considered as cancelled on and from the 1st January aforesaid.

By order of the Governor,
WILLIAM A. G. YOUNG.

CIRCULAR.

VICTORIA, V.I.,
26th February, 1863.

IT being considered desirable that the *Government Gazette* should contain a variety of information concerning British Columbia of a nature interesting to the public, His Excellency the Governor requests that all Heads of Departments will forward such statistics, &c., as may be applied for by the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works, for insertion in the *Government Gazette*.

WILLIAM A. G. YOUNG,
Colonial Secretary.

Auction Sales.

CUSTOM HOUSE SALE.

THE FOLLOWING

SPIRITS

WILL BE

Sold by Auction,

AT NEW WESTMINSTER,

On Wednesday, the 10th of June,

AT ONE O'CLOCK, P.M.

6 cases, 120 gallons Alcohol, 60 over proof,
11 " 110 " do. do.,
1 " 5 " do. do.,
1 cask, 39 " do. 56 over proof,
4 casks 117 " Spirits, do.
1 cask 78 " Islay Malt Whiskey,
6 casks 191 " Gin,
1 cask 36 " Brandy,
9 cases 110 bottles Gin,

IN LOTS TO SUIT PURCHASERS.

By order of Collector of Customs.

Custom House,
New Westminster, 15th May, 1863.

CUSTOM HOUSE SALE.

THE FOLLOWING

FURS

Will be sold by Auction at New Westminster on Wednesday the 10th of June, immediately after the sale of Spirits at one o'clock on that day.

993 Mink Skins,
405 Marten "
137 Otter & Beaver "
71 Bear "
70 Fox, Musk, Seal &c,

IN LOTS TO SUIT PURCHASERS,

By order of the Collector of Customs.

Custom House,
New Westminster, 29th May, 1863.

Registry Office.

NOTICE.

BEFORE ANY DEED deposited in this Office can be returned, the Depositor himself must either sign a receipt for the same or else lodge with the Registrar a written order for its delivery.

Prepayment of Fees.

NO INSTRUMENT will be registered, no copies furnished, no searches made, nor any service whatever rendered in connection with this Office, until the fees for the same, as prescribed by law, are first paid, or tendered.

ARTHUR T. BUSHBY,
Registrar General.

Land Registry Office,
New Westminster, 1st January, 1863.

Government Assay Office.

GOVERNMENT ASSAY OFFICE,

NEW WESTMINSTER, BRITISH COLUMBIA.

ASSAYS OF GOLD BULLION are made on the following terms, and under the following conditions:—

1. A receipt will be given to the Depositor for the exact gross weight of his deposit.
2. The resulting ingot will be delivered to any party returning the aforesaid receipt, whether the Depositor or any one else, and the party returning the receipt will be required to cancel it by his signature at the time of receiving the ingot.
3. Each ingot will be stamped with its number, corresponding to its number in the official records, with its weight, in ounces and decimals of ounces, its fineness in thousandths, and its value in dollars and cents; also with a Government cipher, a crown encircled by the words "BRITISH COLUMBIA GOVERNMENT ASSAY;" thus:



and the clip corner will be protected by a small crown impressed on the face of it.

4. With each ingot will be given a certificate, signed by a Government officer, of the weight of the deposit before melting; its weight after; the fineness; the charge for assaying; and the value in dollars and cents.

5. For all bars not exceeding 50 ounces in weight, a charge of seven shillings and six pence (7s. 6d.) sterling will be made, and for every additional 10 ounces, or fraction of same, one shilling and six pence (1s. 6d.)

All clips are retained in the Government Assay office; but on bars not exceeding 10 ounces in weight, allowance will be made off the assay charge for the value of the clip.

N.B.—Bars assayed at this office, or Dusr, may be exchanged for American coin, at the current market rates.

ASSAYS OF ORES are made at the charge of One Pound (£1.) for each specimen experimented upon.

FOR A COMPLETE ANALYSIS OF ANY MINERAL, Two Pounds (£2.) is the charge.

W. DRISCOLL GOSSET.

P.S.—Useful geological specimens, whether metallic or not, if accompanied by a note of the locality where found, position with regard to other rocks, altitude, dip, &c., &c., will be thankfully received.

W. P. G

April 4th, 1861.

Supreme Court,

In the Supreme Court of Civil Justice of British Columbia.

GENERAL ORDER.

A COURT OF ASSIZE and General Gaol Delivery will be held at the undermentioned places on the dates specified, at 11 A.M.

New Westminster, April 15th,
Yale - - - - - " 24th,
Lytton, - - - - - May 1st,
Lillooet, - - - - - " 11th,
Williams Lake, - - - - - " 22nd,
Cottonwood, - - - - - June 1st,
Williams Creek, about the middle of June.

The Court will stay in the Cariboo district until the 20th of September, and Assizes will be held on the 1st July, 1st August, and 1st September.

Any matters requiring attention may be brought on at intermediate times, by appointment with the Registrar.

Any matters set down for hearing at Douglas may be taken at Lillooet or elsewhere, at the convenience of the parties having conduct of the suit; notice to be given of any change of venue.

By the Court,

GREVILLE C. MATHEW,
Registrar.

March 8th, 1863.

General Post Office.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that a Contract has been entered into with Francis Jones Barnard, (Barnard's Express), for the conveyance of the GOVERNMENT MAILS, as undermentioned.

From 1st April to 30th November:

From New Westminster to Douglas, Hope, Yale, Lytton, and Lillooet, and return weekly.

From New Westminster to Douglas, Hope, Yale, Lytton, Lillooet, to Williams Lake, and on to Antler, and return semi-monthly.

From 1st December to 31st March:

From New Westminster to Douglas, Hope, Yale, Lytton, and Lillooet, and return semi-monthly.

From New Westminster to Douglas, Hope, Yale, Lytton, Lillooet, to Williams Lake, and on to Antler, and return monthly.

WARNER R. SPALDING, J.P.,
Postmaster General, B. C.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

RATES OF POSTAGE between the under-mentioned places, in all cases to be prepaid.

LETTERS.

Between	New Westminster.	Douglas.	Hope.	Yale.	Lytton.	Lillooet.	Williams Lake.	Quesnel.	Antler.
New Westminster,	5d	5d	5d	1s	1s	2s	3s	4s
Douglas,	5d	..	5d	5d	1s	1s	2s	3s	4s
Hope,	5d	5d	..	5d	1s	1s	2s	3s	4s
Yale,	5d	5d	5d	..	1s	1s	2s	3s	4s
Lytton,	1s	1s	1s	1s	..	1s	2s	3s	4s
Lillooet,	1s	1s	1s	1s	1s	..	2s	3s	4s
Williams Lake,	2s	2s	2s	2s	2s	2s	..	1s	2s
Quesnel,	3s	3s	3s	3s	3s	3s	1s	..	1s
Antler,	4s	4s	4s	4s	4s	4s	2s	1s	..

NEWSPAPERS.

From New Westminster to Douglas, Hope, or Yale, .. 2½d.

From New Westminster to Lytton, Lillooet, Williams Lake, Quesnel, or Antler,

5d.

WARNER R. SPALDING, J.P.,

Postmaster General, B. C.

General Post Office, British Columbia,
1st July, 1862.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

FROM and after the 1st January, 1863, all letters and papers leaving the General Post Office, New Westminster, will have the date on which they are dispatched stamped on the envelope.

WARNER R. SPALDING, J.P.,
Postmaster General, B. C.

General Post Office, New Westminster, 30th Dec., 1862.

LIST OF UNCLAIMED LETTERS

REMAINING IN THE

General Post Office,

BRITISH COLUMBIA,

ON THE 1st JUNE, 1863.

Arter, John
Arthur, Saml, James
Ardagh, Richard
Abbott, James G
Andrew, John M
Archibald, Louis
Armstrong, Charles
Anderson, Arthur
Alexander, Mrs. Anne
Ash, Richard
Austin, Edward H
Alexander, Henry 2.
Aikens, John
Archibald, Mr
Anstey, F G
Alexander, James

Buckland, Roland
Bedle, Henry 2.
Brown, Jos and Jas 2.
Beffa, Vincenzo
Bouhand, Monsieur
Battistini, D
Berting, Karl
Bailler, E P
Bruce, Thomas J
Brew, Capt C A
Bacon, Hiram
Byrnes, L F
Badfish, Albert G
Bratton, John B
Buil, John
Black, G W
Benson, Joseph
Boyle, C A
Binkley, Franklin

Bruce, John
Bourbeau, Alexander
Billings, Thos S
Black, Alfred
Bowen, Stewart B
Bremner, Joseph
Bromfield, Alfred
Bulling, Jonathan
Barry, Hambleton
Bailey, Madison F
Brackbill, Jacob
Barnhart, J
Boughner, Walter
Burlington, John C
Brown, H M
Bobb, Israel M
Bascomb, Robert
Bayfield, Chas
Bailly, Lisa
Buchanan, Jas
Brown, John
Bissell, Nelson
Bryant, Wm C
Boyd, Hugh
Boyd, James
Byrne, Michl W
Bucannon, James 2.
Black, Niel
Bryden, James
Bowen, John & R S
Bainbridge, Charles 3.
Burgess, T
Bogart, J M 2.
Brook, Henry
Booth, Robert
Beaton, Beath

List of Unclaimed Letters (Continued.)

Bray, Marshall B 2.
Brown, Edward
Bray, Marshall
Butt, J 2.
Brouse, Cyrus A
Brown, P O 2.
Blair, George
Brigs, Samuel
Brouse, Edwin J Dr
Byrne, W Michael
Bowen, John
Burns, John
Brown, Wm
Beckett, R A
Brewster, S Sewall
Bissell, Nelson
Bassett, Annie Mrs

Cormack, John 2.
Curry, E L
Cushing, George
Canniff Henry
Crawford, Alexander
Coney, Albert
Chivers, Joseph
Caswell, A F
Colter, John A
Clements, John
Carpenter, L F 3.
Cameron, R
Carr, Michael
Curry, E L
Couves, A and C
Cushing, M M
Carnochan, Andrew R
Crowley, Patrick
Charlson, James
Coyle, Mrs
Cooke, Geo G P
Cramer, Hugh
Cassady, Peter
Christie, Alexr 3
Clements, Jas
Conolly, Michl
Curry, E L
Costelo, Jas
Cryster, Leonard
Colton, D J
Caton, Wm K
Cameron, Alexr 2.
Chambers, Jas
Coulter, Thos
Chambers, Coote M
Cameday, D
Cardozo, M V 2.
Cochran, John
Copland, W C
Campbell, N S 2.
Conley, Riley
Cradock, Emerson
Charlton, Edwd
Crouch, Cyrus
Coulter, Thos
Carlisle, D
Campbell, Geo
Chipman, Mary J
Clements, John 2
Christian, Henry
Clohesy, Nicholas
Clark, Wm
Chorley, Robt
Crawford, James
Cave, Cave B
Craig, Alexr 4
Cornelius, John
Campbell, Daniel
Coad, Richard
Collinson, William 3.
Coulter, Samuel 2.
Campbell, W N
Chure, M J
Cammell, Joseph E
Cunningham, William
Campbell, S Nicholas
Collins, Robert 2.
Caldwell, William
Carruthiers, L Joseph
Chapman, A Thomas 2.
Court, Capt
Campbell, J J
Collins, John
Catman, George
Culver, A Jabez
Choigner, Julien
Catchpole, Wm
Chittenden, S
Coffaie, George
Cole, George

Dirlam, James
Devoe, Geo
Duncan, Geo
Dillon, Jas
Ditz, Andw
Decker, Mr
Downey, Wm
Dawson, John
Davies, David
Dempsey, John
Dalgetty, James
Donohoe, Patrick
Dalziel, Robert 2.
Dickson, Charles
Dawson, Henry 2.
Driffin, Samuel 2.
Dairis, Isaac
Davies, David
Dalgety, James

Eaxil, Paul
Eberwein, Herman

Emery, Peter
Eclesheimer, Stephen C
Evans, Ezra
Emery, Thos
Egan, James
Erick, Washington J
Emerson, S Austin
Edmond, David
Edmonds, P John
Emslie, James

Fortescue, G E
Fallen, Thomas,
Foshay, David O
Farley, Turner 3.
Fletcher, Chas
Fulton, Jos B
Farrar, M C 2
Ferne, Wm 4
Fuhrer, Frank
Flynn, R T
Fenton, R 2.
Fletcher, D C 2,
Florance John A
Fraser, A D
Fontana, R
Foster, Thos
Filere, Mr
Fairchild, Jesse
Fluker, John
Forrest, Wm
Forrester, Thos H
Foulds, Geo
Fitzgerald, W T
Fannin, John
Fairburn, John
Flock, William 2.
Fisher, Alfred
Fearon, Lucus
Fowler, J 2.
Fitzgerald, H W
Fluker, John
Fraser, John

Garden, Geo
Gerard, Jos
Gardner, J R
Giltner, F
Gordon, John
Graham Malcolm
Gray, Alex
Guegon, P
Gale, Amanda
Gray, Henry D
Graville, David
Gould, Preley
Giltner, F
Gibson, Peter 2.
Galaear, Philips
Good, O C
Gordon, Alex
Gray, Thos E, 2
Goss, Richd
Gibbs, M
Gibson, John
Gladwin, Wm
Girandon, Edouard
Griffin, J H
Gordon, John
Green, Sebright S
Goodson, G J
Godfrey, John
Guilfoyle, Patrick
Greenslade, B A
Gladwin, William
Goodell, B Wm

Harvey, C F
Hutchison, A F 2.
Hartman John,
Hamilton, Gavin 2.
Harrison, Aubrey, J
Hall, A S 2.
Hutton, John B
Houghy, John
Hancock, Daniel B
Hay, Wm
Haseler, H K
Hennis B L
Hay, Alexr
Hunter, John
Hawthorne, Mrs
Hunter, Capt John
Heyward, Thos
Hilliard, W H
Hawke, Gabriel,
Higgins, Mr
Hall, J W 2.
Hallock, W C
Hill, H M
Hoffman, H
Haly, Patk
Haley, Dan M
Holmes, Saml R
Hackley, Simeon
Hodsdon, Fred
Hooker, Josiah
Haviland, John
Hunningan, Thos
H. P. C.
Hunter, Anthony
Holland, Wm
Holm, Chas
Hicks, Richard 2.
Hoggins, Wm
Holland, D G T
Hanly, A Samuel
Hill, Samuel
Hodgson, Jacob 2.

List of Unclaimed Letters (Continued.)

Holland, William
Hicks, Timothy
Howard, Daniel
Holm, Charles
Hodgson, Robert
Howell, F J
Holmes, Joseph
Haynes, W George 2.
Hilmer, D Clarence
Howard, George
Harbottle, Thomas
Hunter, Anthony

Irvine, Joseph

Jones, John J 2
Jones, James 2
Johnston, Jas
Jackson, J. E
Jepson, Charles 3.
Johnson, J S
James, William
Johnston, Thomas
Johnston, Henry
Jones, H R
Jamieson, William
Johnson, Angus
Jackson, Duncan
Johnson, John
Jackson, M L
Jay, Dr
Julian, H B

Keeler, John
Keddy, John 2.
Kelley, A George
Kingston, Thomas
Kyes, Saml
Kaye, Fredk
Kelley, F W
Kennedy, Jas M
Kitchen, Isaac 2.
Kennedy, R J
Kinnear, David
Kelleullin, Martin
Kerr, Jas
Kirby, Saml W
Kemptle, John

Lindsay, Samuel 2.
Lippincot, W
Landon, F John
Leaver, Thomas
Lazarus, Edward
Lane, B Hiram
Luse, Stephen
Leary, John
Lyons, John G
Lowry, Alexander N
Lewis, Wm
Launty, Jacob
Lamond, Charles
Lyine, Henry
Lubben, John
Larcomb, Joseph
Lausing, Henry
Lepine, X I
Lindsay, Arch 2
Lawler, Charles
Love, Thomas
Livingstone, Dugald
Lennen, Edwd.
Lefrancois, Onesim
Lewis, Mrs Mary
Leaver, Thos
Lippincot, W
Laughton, Geo

Mc Neil, John
Main, B George 3.
Mc Donald, Gill William
Mc Vicar, John
Miller, Hugh 2.
Mally, Martin 2.
Mc Innis, A
Mc Kenzie, William
Mc Gregor, S Donald 2.
Millard, T Charles 2.
Mc Marin, Robert
Mc Gregor, George
Morse, H Charles
Magee, Hugh
Mc Dougall Allen 2.
Maude, H Henry
Medora, Alfred
Mc Pherson, Kenneth
Mays, C William
Mc Intire, Peter
Mc Gillivray, Archey
Mc Moran, Robert
Martin, Thomas
Masier, H
Marinck, John
Miller, Edward
Mc Ewan, Walter
Madden, John
Millard, W S
Mc Clue, Edwin M
Martin, Joseph
Miller, Dr
Mc Fee, Chas
Mc Afee, Allen
Murphy, Pat
Moore, Chas
Mann, R B
Mc Crady, E R
Mc Carthy, H D
Mc Millan, W F
Mc Carthy, Wm
Mc Martin, Walter S
Mc Lean, Wm
Mc Craigh,
Mc Orr, John
Mc Donald, Chas
Mc Donald, Alexr 2.
Munson, John D 2.
Mitheson, Hugh
Muir, David
More, John
Muthis, D
Mc Caid, S
Mc Gown, W
Milligan, David
Mc Dowell, John
Meager, Jas
Marks, W
Malohi, W W
Mc Kenzie, Alexr G
Miklensheim, Otto
Malley, Jas

Mulkey, Geo C
Marston, John
Moore, John 2.
Mc Sohen, H P
Monteiro, Joseph
Mc Lean, Wm
Mc Queen, J B
Mc Farlane, Alexr
Martin, Wm
Mc Caskill, Wm
Michael, Robert
Mc Feely, Barnard
Moleno, Hilaire
Morris, H
Morgan, D P
Mc Donald Ronald
Mc Millan, John
Mc Crim, Walter
Mc Connell, Archy
Mc Gragh, Barnard
Mc Gregor, R P 2.
Mc Causland O J
Mann, A J
Mc Curdy, Dr Saml
Miller James H
Mallony, Jas
Mc Williams, Alexr
McKenzie, Wm
Minson, Henry

Nicholson, Malcolm
Nahna, B James
New, F A
Nickolls, Sm 2.
Nolan, Mary 3.
Newsom, D J
Newsom, Thos
Ninno, John
Newbery, Fred
Niel, Thos
Nollmans, Henry

Orn, H Ebenezer 3.
Orde, Henry Robert 2.
Oates, Joseph
O Connell, Daniel
O'Brien, Michael
Oliver, Andrew
O'maley, Patrick
O'Hara, Chas
O'Connell, Richd

Parr, John
Phelan, P
Pollock, John 3.
Pierce, George 2.
Putnam, D J 2.
Patterson, Robert
Pyhirs, Thomas
Prater, L Charles Capt
Perkins, Hiram
Parker, Anthony
Piette, Prosper J
Pearce, Saml
Prouty, N H
Perham, A S 2.
Pattullo, Thos R
Pearce, Henry
Parsons, Chas M
Phillips, R
Perry, Emerson W
Purdy, David J
Pattison, Eustace
Perry, J L
Parker, Saml
Pellant, Hyacinthe
Penwarden, Frank
Paove, Thos
Presso, W G
Prager, M
Prater, Chas L
Putnam, T D 2.
Pollock, John

Robertson, Wm
Revely, Fred
Reid, Wm
Rees, M James
Roe, Thos 2.
Rodgers, Wm
Ramirez, Luis
Raferty, Edwd
Rusk, Robt
Richee, Geo
Richardson, Thos
Richardson, Geo
Roberts, Wm H
Rising, D B
Ring, Michael
Richards, Lewis I.
Robertson, John F
Robertson, Mr
Robinson, Geo H
Roberts, John
Roehon, G
Roff, David
Russell, Edwd
Rose, Hugh
Roebman, Willis
Rufley, J E
Read, Augustus
Robb, R H
Rhodes, Geo
Reynolds, Geo 3

Stevenson, John 2
Stubbs, Samuel 2
Smith, E
Stoner, William
Simonton, B W Dr.
Spence, Thos
Smith, Joseph
Smith, J B
Sinclair, D C
Symmes, Edmund
Sampson, B B
Smith, John
Soulie, Leonie 2
Sill, Joseph
Sawyer, Jonathan G
Stone, Nathan F C
Stinson, Roger
Shampson, Wm 2
Schwarz, Emos
Smith, W K
Stromberg, Geo
Sylve, Jean
Stobo, Alexr
Simpson, Robert B 2.
Shaw, John
Simmons, Wm
Shively, John
Scott, D
Sevett, P W
Segur, Geo
Shannon, Jeremiah
Stevens, Jas
Segur, Elzith
Sanders, Mr

List of Unclaimed Letters (Continued.)

Sherman, Wm E
Sterns, A J
Sokolowski, David
Smith, E
Stansbury, Chas
Spilman, Abram
Swan, John A
Strannelli, Pietro
Shelder, Saml
Stevenson, John 2.
Stoner, Wm
Sinclair, C D

Tremlett, Richard
Triganonan, John 2
Toy, Peter
Turner, J J
Tait, Thos
Tanner, Geo
Tysan, Jas
Taylor, D
Tait, John R
Thompson, Jas
Thorne, Danl C 2.
Titter, S T
Thompson, Mr
Terrill, N G
Trevorwud, Thos
Thompson, Jas J
Thomis, R F
Turner, J J 2
Turnbull, Adam

Urquhart, Walter 2
Udy, Wm
Vicat, N R
Volmar, Wm
Vissick, Wm
Van, Dine H L
Vautrin, Xavier
Vansicklen, Thomas
Vass Geo
Vyarbolling, G

Volkman, Felix
Vries, Henry De

Waddell, John
Wilson, John 2
Wright, H Jessie
Winter, Riland
Williams, Thos
Warren, Robert 2
Williams, David

Wood, H R
Watson, Hugh
Walter, John
Wait, John
Wilcox, Jas
Worth Henry
Wright, W P
Woods, Geo
Williams, Thos
Watt, John
Williams, O W
Wonnell, Mrs
Whitford, Amos T
Walsh, Jas
Walker, E
Walker, Robt W
Williams, David
Weir, John 2
Williams, Peter
Wilcox, Jas
Whyte, Joseph
Whitner, H W
Williams, George D
Woodward, Fletcher.
Williams, Thos H
Waynick, W W 2.
Williams, John
Walton Wm.
Walker, Robt W

Zane, Hiram B
Zing, Alexander

W. R. SPALDING.
31st May, 1863.

Proclamations.

BRITISH COLUMBIA.



PROCLAMATION.

No. 4. A. D. 1863.

By His Excellency JAMES DOUGLAS, Companion of the Most Honourable Order of the Bath, Governor and Commander-in-Chief of British Columbia and its Dependencies, Vice-Admiral of the same, &c.

WHEREAS, under and by virtue of an Act of Parliament, made and passed in the session of Parliament held in the 21st and 22nd years of the Reign of Her Majesty Queen Victoria, entitled "An Act to provide for the Government of British Columbia," and by a Commission under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, I, JAMES DOUGLAS, have been appointed Governor of the said Colony, and have been authorized by Proclamation under the Public Seal of the said Colony, to make laws, institutions, and ordinances, for the peace, order, and good government of the same;

And whereas it is expedient better to define the rights of registered Free Miners in their claims;

It is hereby declared, enacted, and proclaimed:

Repeals Clause 7 of Gold Fields Act, 1859.

1. That Clause 7 of the Gold Fields Act, 1859, is hereby repealed.

Definition of a Miners' Right in a Claim.

2. Every free miner shall, save as against Her Majesty, have, during the continuance of his certificate, the exclusive right to take the gold and auriferous soil upon or within the claim for the time being duly held registered and *bona fide* not colourably worked by him and the exclusive right of entry on the claim for the purpose of working or carrying away such gold or auriferous soil, or any part thereof. And also as far as may be necessary for the convenient and minerlike working and security of his flumes and property of every description, and for a residence—but he shall have no surface rights therein for any other purpose, save as next hereinafter mentioned, unless specially granted.

One record covers not only the Claim but a fair share of the necessary Water to work it.

3. In addition to the above rights, every registered free miner shall be entitled to the use of so much of the water flowing naturally through or past his claim as shall in the opinion of the Gold Commissioner be necessary for the due working thereof.

Exclusive water privileges; preliminary notice.

4. Where application is intended to be made for the exclusive grant of any surplus water to be taken from any creek or other locality, every such applicant shall in addition to the existing requirements affix a written notice of all the particulars of his application upon some conspicuous part of the premises to be affected by the proposed grant, for not less than 5 days before recording the same.

Power to Gold Commissioner to modify Grant.

5. The Gold Commissioner, upon protest being entered or for reasonable cause, shall have power to refuse or modify such application or grant either partially or entirely, as to him shall seem just and reasonable.

Saving of future Miners' Rights to Water.

6. Every exclusive grant of a ditch or water privilege in occupied or unoccupied creeks shall be subject to the rights of such registered free miners as shall then be working or shall thereafter work in the locality from which it is proposed to take such water.

Gold Fields Act penalties recoverable by distress.

7. Whereas it is expedient to confer additional power for enforcing penalties recoverable for infraction of The Gold Laws under Section 40 of the Gold Fields Act, 1859.

It is hereby enacted that such penalties may if deemed proper, be ordered to be recovered by sale and distress to be levied forthwith or at any convenient interval after conviction and nonpayment within so many hours, or such longer time as shall be allowed by distress and sale of any claim or ditch or water privilege, or of any interest therein respectively, or of any personal property of the person on whom such penalty may have been imposed.

Certified copy of any Gold record to be evidence.

8. Every copy of or extract from any record or register under or by virtue of this Act or the Gold Fields Act, 1859, or any other Act which shall be made in relation to gold mines or gold fields, or any of the Rules and Regulations made in pursuance thereof respectively required to be kept by any Gold Commissioner and certified to be a true copy or extract under the hand of the Gold Commissioner or other person entrusted to take and keep such record or register, shall in the absence of the original register be receivable in any judicial proceeding as evidence of the matters and things therein appearing.

Fees on Recording claims.

9. So much of Section 6 of the Gold Fields Act, 1859, as imposes a fee of 4s. on the Registration or Re-registration of Claims shall be and is hereby repealed.

In lieu thereof it is hereby enacted and declared, that there shall be paid to the Gold Commissioner for the use of Her Majesty, her heirs and successors the following fees: That is to say;

Upon every Registration or Re-registration }
or Record of any Claim..... } 10s. 3d.
And no person not being a free miner, shall be entitled to record a claim or any interest therein.

Gold Commissioner may enlarge Ditches.

10. The Gold Commissioner shall have power, whenever he may deem advisable, to order the enlargement or alteration of any ditch or ditches, and to fix what (if any) compensation shall be paid by the parties to be benefitted by such alteration or enlargement.

Mining Surveyor.

11. In case of dispute as to boundary or measurements, the Gold Commissioner shall have power to employ a surveyor to fix and mark the same, and to cause the reasonable expense thereof to be paid by or between such of the parties interested in the question at issue as he shall deem fair and just.

Issued under the Public Seal of the said Colony, at Victoria, Vancouver Island, this 25th day of March, A. D., 1863, and in the Twenty-sixth year of Her Majesty's Reign by me,

JAMES DOUGLAS,

By His Excellency's command,

WILLIAM A. G. YOUNG,
Colonial Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

BRITISH COLUMBIA.



PROCLAMATION.

No. 5. A. D. 1863.

By His Excellency JAMES DOUGLAS, Companion of the Most Honourable Order of the Bath, Governor and Commander-in-Chief of British Columbia and its Dependencies, Vice-Admiral of the same, &c.

WHEREAS by virtue of an Act of Parliament, made and passed in the session of Parliament held in the 21st and 22nd years of the Reign of Her Majesty Queen Victoria, entitled "An Act to provide for the Government of British Columbia," and by a Commission under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, I, JAMES DOUGLAS, have been appointed Governor of the said Colony, and have been authorized by Proclamation issued under the Public Seal of the said Colony, to make laws, institutions, and ordinances, for the peace, order, and good government of the same;

Preamble.

And whereas it is expedient to raise, by loan secured on the General Revenue of the said Colony, funds for the vigorous prosecution and maintenance of roads and other means of communication within the said Colony, and to make provisions for the redemption of such loan;

And whereas, under "The Road Bonds Act, 1863," £50 Bonds, to the amount of £12,000 (and no more) have been issued, numbered, and payable as follows, that is to say:

Bonds Nos. 1 to 198, both inclusive, payable on 31st December, 1863, amounting to £9,900;

Bonds Nos. 533 to 575, both inclusive, payable on 31st Dec. 1865, amounting to £2,100;

And whereas, it is expedient to repeal the power conferred by the said "Road Bonds Act," of issuing other Bonds than those already issued, as hereinbefore specified, and to provide for the payment of the Bonds above mentioned, numbered 1 to 198, and amounting to £9,900, out of the monies to be raised by the sale of Debentures in manner hereinafter appearing;

Now, therefore, I do hereby declare, proclaim, and enact, as follows:

Repeals a portion of "The Road Bonds Act, 1863."

1. So much of the "Road Bonds Act, 1863" as authorizes the issue of Bonds other than and beyond those already issued thereunder, and hereinbefore specified, is hereby repealed.

Power to Governor to borrow £50,000 on Debentures.

II. It shall be lawful for the Governor for the time being of the said Colony, from time to time, or at any time hereafter, to cause to be made out and issued Debentures, secured upon the General Revenue of the said Colony, for such sum or sums not exceeding Fifty Thousand Pounds sterling on the whole, as may be required for the purpose of constructing and maintaining roads and other works of communication within the said Colony, and of providing for the repayment of the Road Bonds numbered 1 to 198 inclusive, to the amount of £9,900, as lastly hereinbefore recited.

Rate of Interest six per cent per annum.

III. All Debentures made out and issued under this Act shall bear interest at the rate of six pounds sterling per centum per annum, payable half-yearly, and shall be redeemable at the expiration of twenty years, from the first day of July, A.D. 1863.

Debentures for £100 and upwards.

IV. Every Debenture shall be for any sum or sums, not less than One Hundred Pounds sterling, which the said Governor shall determine, and which, together with the interest thereon, shall be payable in London, at the Offices of Her Majesty's Agents General, for the time being, for Crown Colonies, or at the Treasury of the said Colony.

Debenture holder can vary place of payment.

V. And the holder or bearer of any of the said Debentures may alter the place of payment of the principal and interest to either the Treasury at New Westminster, or the Offices in London of the said Agents General, by giving six months' previous notice in writing, terminating on the first day of January or the first day of July, at the previous place of payment (the Treasury in New Westminster, or at the Offices in London of the Agents General aforesaid, as the case may be,) of his wish to make such alteration, and causing the Officer in New Westminster, acting as Treasurer for the time being, or the said Agents General in London, as the case may be, (who is and are hereby required) to endorse on such Debenture a memorandum of the alteration.

Signatures and Registry of Debentures.

VI. All Debentures made out and issued under this Act shall be signed by Her Majesty's Agents General for Crown Colonies, on behalf of the Government of British Columbia, and entered in a Register, to be called the Debenture Register, a duplicate whereof shall be kept by the Agents General at the Offices in London, and another duplicate copy thereof by the Auditor of the said Colony, and such Debentures shall be deemed a charge upon all the revenues of said Colony, from whatever source arising, and, in order of priority, next after the prior charges thereon already created by the "British Columbia Loan Act, 1862," and by the remaining liabilities as aforesaid, under the said "Road Bonds Act, 1863," that is to say, a sum of £2, 100 payable 31st December, 1865, and all interest on such Debentures, and the principal when due, shall be paid by the Treasurer of the said Colony, out of such revenues, under warrant to be issued by the said Governor, in priority of all demands thereon, except the charge and expenses of the collection thereof, and the said prior charges on such revenue created by the "British Columbia Loan Act, 1862," and by the remaining liabilities as aforesaid, under the "Road Bonds Act, 1863."

Form, Date, Numbering.

VII. The said Debentures shall be in the form marked A set forth in the Schedule to this Act, and shall bear date on the day of the issuing thereof, and shall be numbered arithmetically, each beginning with number one, and so proceeding in arithmetical progression ascending, wherein the common excess or difference shall be one.

Interest Coupons.

VIII. Interest Coupons shall be attached to each Debenture, in the form marked B set forth in the Schedule hereto.

Debentures transferable by delivery.

IX. The said Debentures shall be made payable to the bearers thereof, and shall pass by delivery only, and without any assignment or indorsement; and the holder or bearer, for the time being, of every such Debenture shall have the same rights and remedies in respect of the same as if he were expressly named therein.

Sale of Debentures.

X. It shall be lawful for the said Governor to authorize the whole or any portion of the said Debentures to be negotiated, contracted for, or sold by the Treasurer or the Agents General for Crown Colonies, and at such times, in such sums, and in such manner, as the said Governor may direct.

Payments to which Loan is applicable.

XI. All monies raised under this Act shall be paid in such manner as the said Governor shall prescribe, to the Treasurer of British Columbia, and shall by him be placed to the credit of an account to be called the Roads Loan No. 2 Account, to be applied to the purposes of surveying, constructing, and maintaining roads and other works of communication within the said Colony, and in or toward the repayment of the Road Bonds to the amount of £9,900 as aforesaid, or of any sums borrowed or to be borrowed, and expended in such surveying, construction, or maintenance, and to no other purposes whatsoever, and the said moneys shall be accounted for in the same manner as if they formed part of the current revenue of the said Colony.

Sinking Fund.

XII. The said Governor shall provide for the redemption of the said Debentures, by authorizing and directing the Treasurer of the said Colony, subject in the first place to the said "British Columbia Loan Act, 1862," and to the "Road Bonds Act, 1863," to the extent aforesaid, to appropriate, half-yearly, out of the General Revenue of the Colony, such sums as shall be equal to five per cent. on the total of the principal sum for which the said Debentures shall, from time to time have been issued, and be for the time being outstanding, and after having paid the half-year's interest therefrom, shall invest or cause to be invested the residue thereof as a Sinking Fund for the final extinction of the debt, and shall invest or cause to be invested the dividends, interest, or annual produce arising from such investment, so that the same may accumulate by way of compound interest.

Investment of Sinking Fund.

XIII. All sums paid to the account of the Sinking Fund, and all interest or produce arising therefrom, shall be invested under Trustees in the purchase of Imperial or Colonial Government securities. The nature of such securities, and the selection of such Trustees, shall be left to Her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for the Colonies.

Repurchase of Debentures.

XIV. Provided nevertheless that it shall be lawful for the said Governor, from time to time, to authorize the Agents General for the time being for Crown Colonies, or the said Treasurer of the said Colony for the time being, to repurchase the said Debentures to the amount of such moneys as the said Governor may, by any Proclamation hereafter to be issued and passed by him, or out of the Current Revenue of the Colony, appropriate for that purpose, and for the Trustees of the said Sinking Fund to make use thereof, for the purpose of withdrawing Debentures from the market by purchase, and all Debentures so repurchased shall be forthwith cancelled and destroyed, and no re-issue of Debentures shall be made in consequence of such purchase and destruction.

Proportionate reduction of Sinking Fund.

XV. From and after the date of any and every such repurchase of Debentures as last aforesaid, the amount then payable to the Sinking Fund shall be, from time to time, reduced, in exact proportion to the amount of Debentures, for the time being remaining unredeemed, and any moneys remaining in the said Sinking Fund, after the loan hereby sanctioned is fully paid and satisfied, shall be forthwith paid over to the Treasurer, and accounted for as General Revenue.

Trust Moneys.

XVI. It shall be lawful for any Trustees, Executors, Administrators, or Guardians, having the disposition of any trust moneys, to purchase any such Debentures, by and out of trust moneys; and every such purchase shall be deemed a due investment of such trust moneys.

No-recognition of Trusts.

XVII. It shall not be necessary for the said Colonial Treasurer, Agents General, or any other person, acting for or in behalf of the Government of the said Colony, to notice, or regard, or enquire into any trust to which any Debentures shall be liable, or the rights or authority of any one being the actual holder or bearer of any such Debentures, as aforesaid; but payment to the actual holder or bearer thereof, or his lawful Agent, shall be deemed in all cases due payment, unless otherwise specially agreed in writing, by and under the hand of the Treasurer, Agents General, or other person acting as aforesaid, for the time being, entrusted with the sale of such Debentures.

Forgery, Felony.

XVIII. Any person who shall forge or alter, or shall utter, or dispose of, or put off, knowing the same to be forged or altered, any Debenture made out and issued under this Act, shall be guilty of Felony, and being thereof convicted, shall be imprisoned for any period not exceeding three years, with or without hard labour, at the discretion of the Judge before whom any such person shall be tried and convicted.

Short Title.

XIX. This Act may be cited as "The British Columbia Loan Act, 1863."

Issued under the Public Seal of the said Colony, at Victoria, Vancouver Island, this 14th day of May, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, and in the twenty-sixth year of Her Majesty's reign by me,

JAMES DOUGLAS.

By His Excellency's Command,

WILLIAM A. G. YOUNG.

Colonial Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

*SCHEDULE.**FORM A.*

BRITISH COLUMBIA GOVERNMENT DEBENTURE.

No. £ s. d.
BRITISH COLUMBIA LOAN ACT, 1863, £50,000.

For [One hundred Pounds] advanced to the Government of British Columbia, the holder of this Debenture is entitled to receive interest at the rate of six per centum per annum, in half-yearly payments, payable at [the Office of Her Majesty's Agents General for Crown Colonies, in London, or at the Treasury, New Westminster, as the case may be] on the 1st January and 1st July in each year.

The said sum of [One Hundred] Pounds sterling, with the interest thereon, is charged upon and made payable out of the General Revenue of the Colony of British Columbia, under the terms of the "British Columbia Loan Act, 1863," and the principal will be repaid [in London, at the aforesaid office, or at the Treasury, New Westminster, as the case may be] at the expiration of Twenty (20) years from the 1st day of July, 1863.

Signed on behalf of the Government of British Columbia, and in accordance with the provisions of the Act above cited.

Registered, _____ } Agents General for
_____ } Crown Colonies.

FORM B.

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

No. . Half-year's interest due [1st January, 1864,] on Debenture No. _____ payable at the [at the Offices of the Agents General for Crown Colonies, London, or the Treasury, New Westminster, as the case may be.]

£ _____, Agents General.

Forty such Coupons, numbered from No. 1 upwards, to be attached to each Debenture Bond.

N. B.—The holder or bearer of this Debenture may alter the place of payment of principal and interest to the Treasury in New Westminster, or the Offices of the Agents General for Crown Colonies in London, by giving six months previous notice in writing, terminating on the 1st day of January, or 1st day of July, at the previous place of payment (the Treasury in New Westminster, or the Offices of the Agents General, aforesaid, for Crown Colonies in London, as the case may be,) of his wish to make such alteration, and causing the officer acting as Treasurer in New Westminster, or the said Agents General for Crown Colonies in London, as the case may be, to indorse on this Debenture a memorandum of such alteration.

BRITISH COLUMBIA.



PROCLAMATION.

No. 6. A. D. 1863.

By His Excellency JAMES DOUGLAS, Companion of the most Honourable Order of the Bath, Governor and Commander-in-Chief of British Columbia and its Dependencies, Vice Admiral of the same, &c., &c.

WHEREAS, under and by virtue of an Act of Parliament, made and passed in the session of Parliament held in the 21st and 22nd years of the reign of Her Majesty Queen Victoria, entitled "An Act to provide for the Government of British Columbia," and by a Commission under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, I, JAMES DOUGLAS, have been appointed Governor of the said Colony, and have been authorized by Proclamation under the Public Seal of the said Colony, to make laws, institutions, and ordinances, for the peace, order, and good Government of the same;

And whereas doubts have arisen, whether the Proclamation made and passed on the 19th day of November A. D. 1858, imports into the said Colony, the Laws in force in England for the proper observance of the Lord's day;

And whereas for the better observance of the same it is expedient that all such doubts should be removed;

Now, therefore, I do hereby declare, proclaim, and enact as follows:

Declares English Sunday Laws in force here.

I. The Law Statutory and otherwise, and the penalties for the enforcement thereof, as at present existing and in force in England for the proper observance of the Lord's day commonly called Sunday, as referred to in the Schedule hereto, shall be deemed and taken to have been included in the Proclamation made and passed on the 19th November A. D. 1858, and to be of full force and effect in the said Colony, with and under the same penalties, *mutatis mutandis* in all respects as if the said laws had been specially mentioned and enacted in the said Proclamation of the 19th day of November A. D. 1858.

Schedule.

II. The Schedule hereto shall be deemed part of this Act.

Short Title.

III. This Act may be cited as the "Sunday observance Act, 1863."

Issued under the Public Seal of the said Colony, at Victoria, Vancouver Island, this Eighteenth day of May, in the year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, and in the twenty-sixth year of Her Majesty's reign by me,

JAMES DOUGLAS.

By His Excellency's Command,

WILLIAM A. G. YOUNG,

Colonial Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

THE SCHEDULE REFERRED TO BY THE FOREGOING ACT.

1 Car. I. c. 1, so far as the same is applicable to the said Colony.

3 Car. I. c. 1, Do.

29 Car. II. c. 7, Do.

So much of 1 and 2 William IV. c. 32, § 3, as forbids the killing, or hunting for, game on a Sunday or Christmas day, under a penalty of Five pounds and the costs of conviction.

11 and 12. Vict. c. 49, so far as the same is applicable to the said Colony.

13 Vict. c. 23, repealing 27 Hen. VI. c. 5, Do.

BRITISH COLUMBIA.



PROCLAMATION.

No. 7. A. D. 1863.

By His Excellency JAMES DOUGLAS, Companion of the Most Honourable Order of the Bath, Governor and Commander-in-Chief of British Columbia and its Dependencies, Vice-Admiral of the same, &c.

WHEREAS, under and by virtue of an Act of Parliament, made and passed in the session of Parliament, held in the 21st and 22nd years of the Reign of Her Majesty Queen Victoria, entitled "An Act to provide for the Government of British Columbia," and by a Commission under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, I, JAMES DOUGLAS, have been appointed Governor of the said Colony, and have been authorized by Proclamation under the Public Seal of the said Colony, to make laws, institutions, and ordinances for the Peace, order and good government of the same;

And whereas it is desirable for the protection of Miners, and others searching for the precious metals, to retain in possession of the Crown power to prevent such Miners or other persons from being obstructed or hindered by the Claims, and exactions of persons holding land under the provisions of the Pre-emption Consolidation Act passed on the 27th day of August, 1861;

Now, therefore, I do hereby declare, proclaim, and enact as follow:

Power of the Governor to Create Mining Districts.

I. It shall be lawful for the Governor for the time being of British Columbia, from time to time, and at any time hereafter by any writing under his hand, published in the Government Gazette, to erect any portion of the Colony into a Mining District, and to give to such District a distinguishing name, and to define the limits and boundaries thereof, and also again to abolish or reconstruct any such District, and from time to time to alter and vary such limits and boundaries.

Repeals Clauses 17, 25, & 26, of Pre-emption Consolidation Act, 1861; Resumption of any part of a Pre-emption claim in Mining Districts for public purposes.

II. On and after the publication of the erection of any District into a Mining District as aforesaid, the provisions of sections seventeen, twenty-five, and twenty six, of the said Pre-emption Consolidation Act, 1861, shall as to such District, and any part or parts thereof cease to be in force, and all persons entering thereafter into possession of land under the authority and provisions of the said Pre-emption Consolidation Act 1861, within such Mining District, shall do so subject to the resumption of the whole or any part of such lands for making Roads, Bridges, Ferries, Towns, Villages, or any other public purposes whatsoever without any compensation being made for the land so taken or resumed.

Mining Districts open for Mining under the Gold Laws.

III. Provided nevertheless that Mining Districts erected as aforesaid in any part of the Colony whatsoever, shall be free and open to all persons engaged in Mining or searching for the precious Metals, under and according to the provisions of the Gold Fields' Act, passed on the 31st August, 1859, and the Rules and Regulations for the working of Gold Mines, passed respectively on the 7th September, 1859, and the 6th of January, 1860, and of the Ditches Rules, and Regulations under the Gold Fields' Act, passed on the 29th of September, 1862, the Rules and Regulations under the Gold Fields' Act passed on the 24th February, 1863, and the Proclamation relating to Gold Mines, passed on the 25th March, 1863.

Saving of existing pre-emption rights.

IV. Provided also that all rights lawfully acquired, and held under the Pre-emption Consolidation Act, 1861, prior to the passing of this Act, in any Mining District erected as aforesaid, shall continue and remain of full force and effect.

Short Title.

V. This Act may be cited as the "The Mining District Act, 1863."

Issued under the Public Seal of the said Colony, at Victoria, Vancouver Island, the 27th day of May, in the year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, and in the twenty-sixth year of Her Majesty's reign, by me,
JAMES DOUGLAS.

By His Excellency's Command,

WILLIAM A. G. YOUNG,
Colonial Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

BRITISH COLUMBIA.



PROCLAMATION.

No. 9. A. D. 1861.

By His Excellency JAMES DOUGLAS, Companion of the Most Honourable Order of the Bath, Governor and Commander-in-Chief of British Columbia and its Dependencies, Vice-Admiral of the same, &c., &c.

WHEREAS, under and by virtue of an Act of Parliament made and passed in the session of Parliament held in the 21st and 22nd years of the Reign of Her Majesty Queen Victoria, entitled "An Act to provide for the Government of British Columbia," and by a Commission under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, I, JAMES DOUGLAS, have been appointed Governor of the said Colony, and have been authorized by Proclamation under the Public Seal of the said Colony, to make laws, institutions, and ordinances for the peace, order, and good government of the same;

And whereas it is expedient to amend and consolidate the laws affecting the settlement of unsurveyed Crown Lands in British Columbia;

Now, therefore, I do hereby declare, proclaim, and enact as follows:

Repeal of former Proclamations.

I. The Proclamation issued by me, under the Public Seal of the said Colony, dated the 4th day of January, 1860, and the Pre-emption Amendment Act 1861, and the Pre-emption Purchase Act, 1861, are hereby repealed.

Purchasers since the 20th June to hold on the ordinary terms of Pre-emption.

II. All purchasers of unsurveyed land in British Columbia, who shall have made their purchases subsequently to the 20th day of June, 1861, and previously to the 27th day of August, 1861, shall hold the land purchased under precisely the same terms and conditions of occupation and improvement as are mentioned in the said Proclamation of the 4th day of January, 1860, with regard to lands pre-empted without purchase.

British subjects, and aliens who shall take the oath of allegiance, may acquire the right to hold land, and to purchase the same when surveyed, on certain conditions.

III. That from and after the date hereof, British subjects and aliens who shall take the Oath of Allegiance to Her Majesty and Her Successors, may acquire the right to hold and purchase in fee simple, unoccupied and unsurveyed and unreserved Crown Lands in British Columbia, not being the site of an existent or proposed Town, or auriferous land available for mining purposes, or an Indian Reserve or Settlement, under the following conditions:

The settler shall enter into possession and record his claim to any quantity not exceeding 160 acres.

IV. The person desiring to acquire any particular plot of land of the character aforesaid shall enter into possession thereof, and shall record his claim to any quantity not exceeding 160 acres thereof, with the Magistrate residing nearest thereto; paying to the said Magistrate the sum of eight shillings for recording such claim.

A holder of land may acquire additional land contiguous to the 160 acres, by paying an instalment of the purchase money.

V. Any person in possession of 160 acres of land as aforesaid, may acquire the right to hold and purchase any further tract of unsurveyed and unoccupied land aforesaid, over and above the quantity of 160 acres aforesaid, and contiguous thereto, upon payment to the nearest Magistrate of the sum of 2s. 1d. per acre for the same, as and by way of instalment of the purchase money to be ultimately paid to the Government upon the survey of the same land.

Proposing purchaser shall hold and record.

VI. Any person so paying such deposit shall enter into possession and record his claim to such last mentioned tract of land, in manner hereinbefore prescribed.

Description of the land, how to be stated.

VII. The claimant shall in all cases give the best possible description of the land to the Magistrate with whom his claim is recorded, together with a rough plan thereof, and identify the plot in question by placing at the corners of the land four posts, and by stating in his description any other land marks of a noticeable character.

Rectangular shape, or as nearly as possible proportion of the lines.

VIII. Every piece of land sought to be acquired under the provisions of this Proclamation, shall, save as hereinafter mentioned, be of a rectangular shape, and the shortest line thereof shall be at least two-thirds the length of the longest line.

Natural boundaries may be adopted in certain cases.

IX. Where the land sought to be acquired is in whole or in part bounded by mountains, rocks, lakes, swamps, or the margin of a river, or by other natural boundaries, then such natural boundaries may be adopted as the boundaries of the land sought to be acquired, and in such case it shall be sufficient for the claimant to show to the satisfaction of the Magistrate that the said form conforms as nearly as circumstances permit to the provisions of this Proclamation.

Lines of adjacent claims may be adopted.

X. If the land sought to be acquired be bounded by a claim, the line of such claim may be adopted by the person so seeking to acquire, notwithstanding any irregularity in such line which may have been occasioned by the adoption of a natural boundary by the claimant of the adjacent claim.

Enclosed spaces may be adopted, notwithstanding any irregularity of shape.

XI. Where a piece of land is partially or entirely enclosed between two or more claims, the claimant may acquire such enclosed piece notwithstanding any irregularity of form, or disproportion in length, of any of the sides.

Boundaries to run as nearly as possible according to the points of the compass.

XII. The boundaries shall run as nearly as possible by the cardinal points of the compass.

Purchase on survey.

XIII. When the Government Survey shall extend to the land claimed, the claimant who has recorded his claim as aforesaid, or his heirs or devisees, or in the case of the grant of a certificate of improvement hereinafter mentioned, the assigns of such claimant shall, if he or they shall have been in continuous occupation of the same land from the date of the record aforesaid, be entitled to purchase the land so acquired, or in respect of which such deposit shall have been paid as aforesaid, at such rate as may for the time being be fixed by the Government of British Columbia, not exceeding the sum of 4s. 2d. per acre.

Certificate of improvement to be issued when improvements have been made to the extent of 10s. per acre.

XIV. When the claimant, his heirs or devisees, shall prove to the nearest Magistrate by the evidence of himself and of third parties, that he or they has or have continued in permanent occupation of the claim from the date of record, and has or have made permanent improvements thereon to the value of 10s. per acre, the said Magistrate shall grant to the said claimant, his heirs or devisees, a certificate of improvement in the Form marked A, in the Schedule hereto.

When Certificate of improvement has been issued the holder may sell or deal with the land.

XV. Upon the grant of the certificate of improvement aforesaid, the person to whom the same is issued may, subject to any unpaid instalments, sell, mortgage, or lease the land in respect of which such certificate has been issued; but no interest in any plot of land acquired in either of the methods aforesaid, shall, before payment of the purchase money, be capable of passing to a purchaser, unless the vendor shall have obtained such certificate of improvement as aforesaid.

Conveyance on payment of the purchase money.

XVI. Upon payment of the purchase money a conveyance of the land purchased shall be executed in favour of the purchaser, reserving the precious minerals with a right to enter and work the same in favour of the Crown, its Assignees and Licensees.

Compensation to owner whose land may be taken or injured in certain cases.

XVII. In the event of the Crown, its Assignees or Licensees, availing itself or themselves of the privileges (other than the taking of land required for roads) mentioned in clauses 25 and 26, a reasonable compensation for the land taken, wasted, or damaged shall be paid to the person whose land shall be taken, wasted or damaged as aforesaid, and in case of dispute the same shall be settled by a jury of six men, to be summoned by the nearest Magistrate.

Priority of title.

XVIII. Priority of title shall be obtained by the person who, being in possession, shall first record his claim in manner aforesaid.

Cancellation of claim on permanent cessation of occupation.

XIX. Whenever any person shall permanently cease to occupy land acquired in either of the methods aforesaid, the Magistrate resident nearest to the land in question may, in a summary way, on being satisfied of such permanent cessation, cancel the claim of the person so permanently ceasing to occupy the same, and record the claim thereto of any other person satisfying the requisitions aforesaid.

Deposits and improvements forfeited on cancellation.

XX. All deposits paid in respect of such forfeited claims, and all improvements, buildings and erections thereon shall, (subject to the appeal hereinafter mentioned,) on such cancellation, be absolutely forfeited; and such claims, improvements, building and erections shall, subject to the appeal hereinafter mentioned, be open to settlement by any other person.

Appeal.

XXI. The decision of the Magistrate may be appealed by either party to the decision of the Judge of the Supreme Court of Civil Justice of British Columbia.

Security on Appeal.

XXII. Any person desirous of appealing in manner aforesaid, may be required before such appeal be heard, to find such security as may be hereafter pointed out by the Rules or Orders hereinafter directed to be published.

Procedure.

XXIII. The procedure before the Magistrate and Judge respectively, shall be according to such Rules and Orders as shall be published by such Judge with the approbation of the Governor for the time being of British Columbia.

Ejectment or trespass by holder.

XXIV. Whenever a person in occupation at the time of record aforesaid, shall have recorded as aforesaid, and he, his heirs, or (in the case of a certificate of improvement) his assigns, shall have continued in permanent occupation of the same land since the date of such record, he or they may, save as hereinbefore mentioned, bring ejectment, or trespass, against any intruder upon the same land, to the same extent as if he or they were seized of the legal estate in possession in the same land.

Saving of right to search and get gold in favor of free miners.

XXV. Nothing herein contained shall be construed as giving a right to any claimant to exclude free miners from searching for any of the precious minerals or working the same, upon the conditions aforesaid.

Power to Government to re-take land for public purposes.

XXVI. The Government shall notwithstanding any claim, record, or conveyance aforesaid, be entitled to enter and take such portion of the land acquired in either of the methods aforesaid, as may be required for roads, or other public purposes.

Water for mining purposes may be taken.

XXVII. Water privileges and the right of carrying water for mining purposes, may, notwithstanding any claim recorded, be claimed and taken upon, under or over the said land so pre-empted or purchased as aforesaid, by free miners requiring the same, and obtaining a grant, or license from the Gold Commissioner, and paying a compensation for waste or damage to the person whose land may be wasted or damaged by such water privilege or carriage of water, to be ascertained in case of dispute in manner aforesaid.

If new claim taken up the old one is lost.

XXVIII. If any person, being already registered as a claimant, register a claim to any other land not being contiguous thereto, the land so previously claimed shall, *ipso facto* be forfeited, and shall, with all improvements made thereon, be open to settlement by any other person.

Arbitrament of Magistrate.

XXIX. In case any dispute shall arise between persons with regard to any land so acquired as aforesaid, any one of the parties in difference may, before ejectment or action of trespass brought, refer the question in difference to the nearest Magistrate, who is hereby authorized to proceed in a summary way to restore the possession of any land in dispute to the person whom he shall deem entitled to the same, and to abate all intrusions, and award and levy such costs and damages as he may think fit.

Short Title.

XXX. This Proclamation may be cited as the "Pre-emption Consolidation Act, 1861."

Issued under the Public Seal of the said Colony, at Victoria, Vancouver Island, this 27th day of August, in the year of Our Lord One Thousand Eight Hundred and Sixty One, and in the Twenty-fifth Year of Her Majesty's Reign, by me,

JAMES DOUGLAS.

By His Excellency's Command,

WILLIAM A. G. YOUNG.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

SCHEDULE A,

I hereby certify that _____ has satisfied me by evidence of (naming the witnesses, and detailing any other evidence upon which the Magistrate has come to his judgment) that _____ of _____ has made improvements to the extent of 10s. an acre on _____ acres of land, situated at _____

Signed,
this _____ day of _____

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

**PROCLAMATION.**

By His Excellency JAMES DOUGLAS, Companion of the Most Honourable Order of the Bath, Governor and Commander-in-Chief of British Columbia.

Proclamation having the force of Law in Her Majesty's Colony of British Columbia.

WHIEREAS, under and by virtue of an Act of Parliament made and passed in the session of Parliament held in the 21st and 22nd years of the reign of Her Majesty Queen Victoria, intitled "An Act to provide for the Government of British Columbia," and by a Commission under the great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, I, JAMES DOUGLAS, have been appointed Governor of the said Colony, and have been authorized by Proclamation under the Public Seal of the said Colony to make laws, institutions, and ordinances for the peace, order and good Government of the same;

And whereas, it is expedient to afford to aliens desirous of becoming naturalized British subjects, facilities for so doing, and also to afford greater security and facility in the possession and transferring of land, and for quieting of titles transmitted in part or in whole through aliens;

Now therefore, I do hereby declare, proclaim, and enact as follows:

1. Every alien now residing, or who may hereafter come to reside in the said Colony with intent to settle therein, and who shall have actually resided therein, or in the adjacent Colony of Vancouver Island, or partly in the one Colony and partly in the other, for a continuous period of three years, without having been, during any portion of that time, a stated resident in any foreign country out of Her Majesty's dominions, shall be entitled to procure himself to be naturalized in manner hereinafter described.

2. Every alien desirous of becoming so naturalized, shall procure a declaration of residence and character, to be made and subscribed by some British subject in the form marked A, in the schedule hereto. Such alien shall, in the next place, make and subscribe a declaration of residence in the form marked B, in the said schedule hereto, and shall also take the oath of allegiance to Her Majesty and Her Successors, in the form marked C, in the said schedule.

3. Every such declaration and oath may be taken, made and subscribed before any Justice of the Peace, acting in any part of the Colony of British Columbia, or before any person appointed by Her Majesty to be a Judge in British Columbia. Every such declaration and oath shall be forthwith delivered to such alien, with the certificate at the foot thereof, signed by such

Justice of the Peace, or by the Registrar of the said Judge, stating the compliance on the part of the said alien with the regulations hereinbefore contained.

4. It shall be lawful for the said alien to present all the said documents, properly subscribed and filled up as aforesaid, in open Court, on the first day of any Assizes or general sittings of the Court of British Columbia, in any place in the said Colony. And all such documents shall be then read aloud in open Court, and it shall be lawful for the said Court, on the last day of the said Assizes or general sittings, to order all the said documents and proceedings to be entered as of record in the said Court. And thereupon such alien shall be admitted and deemed, while within the said Colony of British Columbia, to be thenceforth a British subject to all intents and purposes whatever, and to hold, enjoy and transmit all property, rights and capacities, in the same manner as if born within Her Majesty's dominions.

5. Any woman (not a British subject previously to her marriage) married to a British subject, whether by birth or naturalization, shall be deemed to be a British subject, naturalized as from the date of her marriage, or of her husband's naturalization, whichever event shall last happen.

6. The declarations hereinbefore referred to (the forms whereof are set forth in the schedule hereunto) shall be deemed to be made in accordance with the Act 5 and 6 Wm. IV., c. 62, for the abolition of unnecessary oaths; and any wilful false statement made therein shall be deemed perjury, and shall expose every person making such false statement, or procuring the same to be made, to all the penalties of perjury. And, in addition to all such penalties, it shall be lawful for the said Court, on motion by the prosecutor, on any trial for perjury or subornation of perjury in respect of any such declaration, to declare null and void the naturalization based upon such false declaration; and thereupon all such steps shall be taken as shall be thought fitting by the said Court. Provided nevertheless, that nothing shall affect the rights of any other person, derived under the person whose naturalization is so annulled, unless such other person shall have been cognizant of the perjury at the time of acquiring the right.

7. There shall be paid to the Justice of the Peace before whom such declarations and oath as aforesaid shall be taken and subscribed, the sum of four shillings and no more for each such declaration and for such oath respectively; and by the Registrar of the said Court for reading and recording the said certificate and documents, the sum of six shillings and no more; and for every copy of such documents the same amount as for an office copy of any judgment of the said Court. And all such fees shall be applied as any other fees payable to Justices and Registrars are applicable by law or custom.

8. Every alien shall have the same capacity to take, hold, enjoy, recover, convey and transmit title to lands and real estate of every description, in this Colony, as if he were, at the time of the passing of this Act, a natural born British subject; and no person shall be disturbed in the possession or precluded from the recovery of any lands or real estate in this Colony by reason only that some person from or through whom he may derive his title was an alien.

9. This Act may be referred to in all legal proceedings as the "Aliens' Act, 1859."

Issued under the Public Seal of the said Colony, at Victoria, this 14th day of May, 1859, in the twenty-second year of Her Majesty's Reign, by me,

JAMES DOUGLAS.

By His Excellency's Command,

WILLIAM A. G. YOUNG,
Colonial Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

THE SCHEDULE BEFORE REFERRED TO.**FORM A.**

I, M. N. of—do solemnly declare that I am a naturalized British subject (or British born subject as the case may be) and that I have known A. B. of—a Prussian subject (or as the case may be) ever since—and that the said A. B. has resided within the Colony of—for a period of [three years or upwards] that he is a person of good character, and that there exists to my knowledge no reason why to the said A. B. there should not be granted all the right and capacities of a natural born British subject, and I make this solemn declaration conscientiously believing the same to be true, and in compliance with the provisions of the statute made and passed in the session of Parliament held in the fifth and sixth years of the reign of the late King William IV., intituled an Act for the abolition of unnecessary oaths.

(Signed)

M. N.

Declared and subscribed by the said M. N., before me, in pursuance of an Act of the Imperial Parliament of the United Kingdom, 5 and 6 William IV., c. 62, and of the Proclamation of the 14th day of May, 1859. And I hereby certify that to the best of my knowledge and belief, the said A. B. has complied with the requisite formalities specified in such Proclamation, entitling him to be naturalized as a British subject, and I know of no reason why he should not be so naturalized.

(Signed)

J. P.

J. P. for British Columbia, residing at—this—day of—186 .

FORM B.

I, A. B. do solemnly declare that I have resided three years in this Colony (or in this Colony and the adjacent Colony of Vancouver Island, as the case may be) with intent to settle in this Colony, and without having been during that time a stated resident in any foreign country. And I make this solemn declaration conscientiously believing the same to be true, and in compliance with the provisions of the statute made and passed in the session of Parliament, held in the fifth and sixth years of the reign of the late King William IV., intituled an Act for the abolition of unnecessary oaths.

(Signed)

A. B.

Declared and subscribed before me, in pursuance of an Act of the Imperial Parliament of the United Kingdom, 5 and 6 William IV., c. 62, and of the Proclamation of the 14th day of May, 1859. And I hereby certify that to the best of my knowledge and belief the said A. B. has complied with the requisite formalities specified in such Proclamation, entitling him to be naturalized as a British subject, and I know of no reason why he should not be so naturalized.

(Signed)

J. P.

J. P. for British Columbia, residing at—this—day of—186 .

FORM C.**OATH OF ALLEGIANCE.**

I, A. B., do swear that I will be faithful and bear true allegiance to Her Majesty Victoria, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of the dependencies and colonies thereof in Europe, Asia, Africa, America, and Australasia, Queen, and that I will defend Her to the utmost of my power against all conspiracies and attempts whatever, which shall be made against Her Person, Crown, or Dignity, and I will do my utmost endeavour to disclose and make known to Her Majesty, Her Heirs and Successors, all treasons and traitorous conspiracies, which may be formed against Her or them. And I do faithfully promise to maintain, support and defend to the utmost of my power, the succession of the Crown, which succession, by an Act intituled "An Act for the further Limitation of the Crown and better securing the Rights and Liberties of the subject," is and stands limited to the Princess Sophia, Electress of Hanover, and the Heirs of Her Body, being Protestants, hereby renouncing and abjuring any obedience or allegiance unto any other person claiming or pretending a right to the Crown of the said Realm and its dependencies and colonies as aforesaid, and I do declare that no Foreign Prince, Person, Prelate, State or Potentate, hath or ought to have any Jurisdiction, Power, Superiority, Pre-eminence or Authority, Ecclesiastical or Spiritual, within the same or any other part thereof. And I make this declaration upon the true faith of a Christian. So help me God.

(Signed)

A. B.

Sworn and subscribed by the said A. B., before me, this—day of—186 . And I hereby certify that to the best of my knowledge and belief, the said A. B. has complied with the requisite formalities specified in the Proclamation of the 14th day of May, 1859, entitling him to be naturalized as a British subject, and I know of no reason why he should not be so naturalized.

(Signed)

J. P.

Justice of the Peace for British Columbia, residing at—this—day of—186 .

MEMORANDUM.—The following correspondence requesting attention to, and information concerning Aerolites that may be observed or found, is printed for general information.

The Duke of Newcastle to Governor Douglas.

CIRCULAR. DOWNING STREET,
9TH FEB., 1863.

SIR,

I transmit to you a copy of a letter from the Deputy Principal Librarian of the British Museum, expressing the desire of the Trustees of that Institution to obtain, as an accession to their present collection of Aerolites, such specimens as may in future come into possession of, or be procurable by, the public functionaries in the British Colonies. I also transmit to you copies of two papers referred to in the enclosed letter, and I should be glad if you would make the contents of these papers known in the Colony under your Government, in such manner as may be best calculated to forward the views of the Trustees, and also that you would render any assistance in your power in furtherance of the same object.

I have, &c.,

(Signed) NEWCASTLE.

GOVERNOR DOUGLAS, C.B.,
&c., &c., &c.

Mr. Winter Jones to the Duke of Newcastle.

BRITISH MUSEUM,
26TH JAN., 1863.

MY LORD DUKE,

I have the honour to acquaint your Grace, that the Trustees of the British Museum have had under consideration the advantageous results which might be expected in accessions to the fine collection of Aerolites now in the Museum, were measures taken to obtain for the National Institution such Aerolites as may in future come into the hands of, or be procurable by, the public functionaries in the British Dominions Abroad, and Her Majesty's Representatives in Foreign Countries. With this object, the papers, of which I have the honor to enclose copies, were drawn up, and a large number of them has been forwarded to the Foreign Office, by direction of the Trustees, to be transmitted to the British Ambassadors, Ministers, Consuls, and other official persons in Foreign Countries.

I am now directed to submit to your Grace the request of the Trustees, that copies of the enclosed papers (which they will be happy to supply), may be transmitted to the Governors and Commanding Officers of the various British Colonies and Dependencies, with instructions to make the contents thereof generally known in their respective Governments, and to transmit for the British Museum such Aerolites of importance as they may be able to procure, as well as to forward the views of the Trustees in this respect in any other way that may seem to them fit.

I have, &c.,
(Signed) J. WINTER JONES,
Deputy-Principal Librarian.

HIS GRACE
THE DUKE OF NEWCASTLE, K.G.,
&c., &c., &c.

ON THE OBSERVATION AND COLLECTION OF AEROLITES.

THERE are two varieties of Aerolites, or Meteorites, that have been seen to fall from space. The one consists of stony masses, often containing particles of iron; and of these many have been observed in their fall: the other variety is composed, for the most part, of iron. The actual fall of iron aerolites has been but rarely witnessed, though many masses of metallic iron have been found on the earth's surface, of the meteoric origin of which there can be no doubt.

It is a matter of great interest, and of importance to science, that as many as possible of these bodies should be collected for comparison, and that all the circumstances accompanying their fall be carefully recorded; and, persons who, in the event of a "fire ball" being seen, or of a mass having fallen, in their neighbourhood, will carefully collect facts regarding them, may make a very valuable contribution to science.

For this purpose inquiries should be instituted at once, into the circumstances accompanying the fall of any meteoric mass, and into the state of any such mass when it has fallen; and as regards any meteoric appearance in the sky, it will be found advisable, after noting carefully the point in the heavens at which the meteor made its appearance, to give, as accurately as possible, the direction of its track and the point at which it disappeared.

Where it is possible, this track should be delineated on a diagram.

The points to which especial attention is invited are enumerated in the following two series of inquiries.

The first series relates to meteoric phenomena in the heavens, and their association with the fall of aerolitic matter to the earth.

1. Note the exact position of the observer, according to latitude and longitude.
2. Give the hour, day of month, and year.
3. Give the apparent size of the luminous ball, as compared with the full moon.
4. Its shape; whether round, pear-shaped, or otherwise; and, if elongated, in what direction.
5. It is particularly important to note the place where the meteor is first seen like a star, and from which, as it moves, it may appear to be increasing in size.

6. State the duration of the phenomena; and,
7. Whether the ball again dwindles away to the semblance of a star, and then disappears, or whether it retains to the last its full size, or then, as is often the case, divides into several balls or stars.

8. Give the colours.
9. Record any facts that can be gathered concerning detonations or noises, accompanying the other phenomena.

10. Endeavour to collect statements relating to the actual fall to the earth of any solid bodies.

11. Do they consist of stone, or iron, and is there anything peculiar in their structure?

12. Was the body red-hot, or warm, or did it exhibit evidence of having been warm outside and cold within? as, for instance, by being hot at first and intensely cold afterwards?

13. It is desirable, further, to notice the depth to which, and the direction in which, the aerolite has penetrated the earth; also to state the nature of the soil, the effect produced on it by the aerolitic mass, and the position in which the aerolite was found to be lying in the ground.

The second series of inquiries has for its object the acquisition of a more precise knowledge regarding the aerolites themselves. For this, it is important to preserve, and to collect, for the purposes of analysis and of scientific comparison, as many of these bodies as possible; and the following suggestions are offered in the hope of promoting this object.

1. Endeavour to get the meteorolites, as soon as possible after their fall, to prevent them from being injured, fractured, or wetted.

2. If not entire, try to procure fragments.
3. Should persons or museums not be willing to part with them for the British Museum, then procure drawings, photographs, models, or casts; accompanied by an accurate description of their colour, their external lustre, and, if broken, the nature of the substance or substances exhibited by the fracture; and especially be careful to describe the form of the aerolitic mass, whether angular or rounded, whether prismatic, or otherwise exhibiting an approximation to any geometrical figure. Also, state whether its surface be smooth, or marked by any peculiar kind of roughness, or pitted with hollows.

4. Catalogues of the meteorites in local museums are very desirable, with statements of their weights, and also the time of, and other facts accompanying their fall, as detailed above.

5. From masses of iron or stone still lying on the earth, and too large to be brought away, detach specimens of good size, say from 20 lbs. to 50 lbs. weight, and collect all obtainable information, with detailed descriptions, drawings, measurements, historical accounts, &c.,

6. Iron meteorites should always be cut with a steel saw and emery.

The Collection of Aerolites in the Mineral Department of the British Museum is now, as regards the mass and size of the specimens, the finest in the world, and any person who may be in a position to contribute additional specimens is requested to accompany them with an attestation as to the weight of the specimen, and facts regarding it such as the senders may be in a position to state on their own authority, or as may have come to them on authority which they have reason to accept as reliable.

NEVIL STORY-MASKELYNE.

NOTE.—There are one hundred Stone Aerolites now exhibited in the British Museum, the largest of which weighs 130 lbs.: it fell on 28th February, 1857, at Parnallee, Madras, India: there are also sixty-seven Iron Aerolites, the largest was found at Tucuman, Otumpa, South America, and weighs 1400 lbs.

CATALOGUE OF THE COLLECTION OF AEROLITES EXHIBITED IN THE BRITISH MUSEUM.

[North Gallery, East end, cases A, B, C, and D.]

NOTE.—The weights of all specimens that are above ½ lb. avoirdupois are inserted in the Catalogue; the average weight of the remainder is 490 grains.

STONE AEROLITES.

		lbs.	grs.
1. Nov. 7, 1492.	Ensisheim, France	1	366
2. April 11, 1715.	Gartz, Schellin, Prussia.		
3. June 22, 1723.	Plaskowitz, near Reichstadt, Bohemia.		
4. July 3, 1753.	Tabor (Plan, Strkow), Bohemia.....	2526	
5. Sept. 7, 1753.	Liponas, Ain, France.		
6. Sept. 13, 1768.	Luce en Maine, Dep. de Sarth, Fra.		
7. Nov. 20, 1768.	Mauerkirchen, Austria.....	4950	
8. Feb. 19, 1785.	Eichstadt, Bavaria.		
9. Oct. 13, 1787.	Charkow (Bobrik), Russia	1	599
10. July 24, 1790.	a. Barbotan, Dep. des Landes, France.....	2750	
	b. Roquefort do. do.		
11. June 16, 1794.	Siena, Tuscany	1720	
12. Dec. 13, 1795.	Wold Cottage, Yorkshire	47	4056
13. March 8, 1798.	Sales, Vilefranche, Dep. du Rhone, France.....	2953	
14. Dec. 13, 1798.	Krakhut, Benares, India	3362	
15. April 8, 1803.	L'Aigle, Dep. de l'Orne, F. 2	1710	
16. April 5, 1804.	High Possil, Glasgow.		
17. Mar. 15, 1806.	Alais, Dep. du Gard, Fra.		
18. Mar. 13, 1807.	Timochin, Smolensk, Rus.		
19. Dec. 14, 1807.	Weston, Connecticut, U.S.		
20. April 19, 1808.	Casignano, near Borgo St. Donino, Parma.		

21. May 22, 1808.	a. Stannern, Moravia	1	3074
	b. Langenpierrez, Moravia.		
22. Sept. 3, 1808.	Lissa, Bohemia.		
23. 1808.	Moradabad, Bengal, Ind.		
24. Aug. 1810.	Mooresfort, Tipperary, Ireland	3003	
25. Nov. 23, 1810.	Charsonville, Dep. du Loiret, France.		
26. Mar. 12, 1811.	Kuleschowka, Poltawa, Russia.		
27. July 8, 1811.	Berlanguillas, nr. Burgos, Spain.		
28. April 10, 1812.	Grenade, Toulouse, Fra.		
29. April 15, 1812.	Erleben, between Magdeburg and Helmstadt.		
30. Aug. 5, 1812.	Chantonay, Vendee, Fra.	1	2045
31. Sept. 10, 1813.	Adare, Limerick Co., Ire.		
32. Dec. 13, 1813.	Lontalax, Wiburg, Finland.		
33. Sept. 5, 1814.	Agen, Dep. Lot et Garonne, France.		
34. Feb. 18, 1815.	Durala, Territory of the Patyala Raja, India	29	
35. Oct. 3, 1815.	Chassigny, nr. Langres, F.		
36. April 10, 1818.	Zaborzika, Volhynia, Rus.		
37. June 1818.	Seres, Macedonia, Turkey.		
38. June 13, 1819.	Jonzac, Charente, France.		
39. Oct. 13, 1819.	Politz, Gera.		
40. July 12, 1820.	Lixna, Dunaburg, Witebsk, Russia.		
41. June 15, 1821.	Jvenas, Ardeche, Fran.	1	688
42. Nov. 30, 1822.	a. Futtehpore, Allahabad, India	5	3880
	b. Bittoor and Shahpore, 75 miles N.W. of Allahabad		2112
43. Oct. 14, 1824.	Zebra, near Horowitz, Bohemia.		
44. Feb. 10, 1825.	Nanjemoy, Maryland, U.S.	4483	
45. Sept. 14, 1825.	Honolulu, Owhyhee, Sandwich Islands.		
46. May 19, 1826.	Jekaterinoslaw, Russia ..	2733	
47. Feb. 16, 1827.	Mow, Ghazepore, India..	2359	
48. May 9, 1827.	Drake's Creek, Nashville Tennessee, U.S.		
49. June 4, 1828.	Richmond, Virginia, U.S.		
50. May 8, 1829.	Forsyth, Georgia, U.S.		
51. July 18, 1831.	Vonille, nr. Poitiers, Fr.		
52. 1832-3.	Umballa, India.		
53. June 12, 1834.	Charwallas, nr. Hissar, In.		
54. Aug. 4, 1835.	Aldsworth, nr. Cirencester, Gloucestershire ..	1	2241
55. April 18, 1838.	Akburpore, Saharanpore, India	3	6011
56. June 6, 1838.	Chandakapoor, Berar, In.	1	1040
57. Oct. 13, 1838.	Cold Bokkeveldt, Cape of Good Hope	2	3718
58. Feb. 13, 1839.	Little Piney, Pulaski Co., Missouri, U.S.		
59. July 17, 1840.	Cereseto, Casale, Piedm't.		
60. June 12, 1840.	Uden, North Brabant.		
61. Mar. 22, 1841.	Grunberg, Heinrichsau, Prussian Silesia.		
62. June 12, 1841.	Chateau Renard, Dep. du Loiret, France	9	
63. Mar. 25, 1843.	Bishopville, S. Carolina, U.S.	1	1191
64. June 22, 1843.	Utrecht, Holland.		
65. July 26, 1843.	Manegaon, Kandeish, In.		
66. April 29, 1844.	Killeter, Co. Tyrone, Ire.		

		lbs.	grs.
67. May 8, 1846.	Macerata, Monte Milone, Ancona.		
68. Found 1846.	Assam, India	1	901
69. Feb. 25, 1847.	Linn Co., Iowa, U.S.	2	1474
70. July 4, 1848.	Marmande, Dep. Lot et Garonne, France.		
71. Oct. 31, 1849.	Cabarras, Co., N. Carolina, U. S.		
72. Dec. 27, 1848.	Schie, Dahlsplads, Aggerhuuslan, Norway.		
73. Nov. 30, 1850.	Shalka, West Burdwan, In.	6	3529
74. April 17, 1851.	Gutersloh, Westphalia...	1804	
75. Nov. 5, 1851.	Nulles, Barcelona.		
76. Jan. 23, 1852.	Nellore, Madras, India..	30	
77. Sept. 4, 1852.	Mezo-Madaras, Transylvania	1	3062
78. March 6, 1853.	Seegowlee, India.		
79. Feb. 10, 1853.	Girgenti, Sicily.		
80. May 13, 1855.	Guarrenburg, Bremervorde, Hanover	1	5687
81. May 13, 1855.	Island of Oesel, Baltic Sea.		
82. Aug. 5, 1855.	Petersburg, Lincoln Co., Tennessee, U.S.		
83. Nov. 12, 1856.	Trenzano, Brescia, Lombardy.		
84. Feb. 28, 1857.	Parnallee, Madras, Ind.	130	
85. April 1, 1857.	Heredia, San Jose, Costa Rica.		
86. April 15, 1857.	Kaba, near Debreczin, Hungary.		
87. Oct. 1, 1857.	Commune des Ormes, Fr.		
88. Dec. 27, 1857.	Pegu, (Quenggouk), Ind.	3	4280
89. Dec. 9, 1858.	a. Ausson, Montrejean, Fr.	5250	
	Clarac do do.	1912	
90. Feb. 2, 1860.	b. St. Julien, Alessandria, Piedmont.		
91. Mar. 28, 1860.	Kheragur, Agra, India.		
92. May 1, 1860.	New Concord, Muskingum Co., Ohio, U.S.	17	3389
93. July 14, 1860.	Dhurmsala, India	28	5250
94. May 12, 1861.	a. Peprasse, India	5	
	b. Bulloah, do.	2400	
	c. Nimbooh (40 miles fr. Goruckpore).		

IRON AEROLITES.

1. Fell May 26, 1751.	Agram (Hraschina), Croatia	4395	
2. Found 1751.	Steinbach, Saxony	2011	
3. " 1763.	Senegal, Africa.		
4. " 1776.	Krasnojarsk, Siberia (the Pallas Iron)	7	794
5. " 1784.	a. Toluca, Mexico	3	3500
	b. Ixtlahuacca, Mexico	2	1913
	c. Ziquipilo, Mexico.		
6. " 1788.	Tucuman, Otumpa, S. America	1400	
7. " 1792.	Zacatecas, Mexico	5	4705
8. " 1801.	Cape of Good Hope.		
9. " 1810.	Rasgata, New Granada.		
10. " 1810.	Tocavita, Santa Rosa, New Granada.		
11. " 1811.	Elbogen, Bohemia.		
12. " 1811.	Durango, Mexico	6562	
13. " 1814.	Bitburg, Eifel, Prussia...	2	6124
14. " 1814.	Red River, Texas, U. S.	1	2625
15. " 1815.	Lenarto, Hungary	3	3213
16. " 1816.	Bahia (Bemdego), Brazil	5	2658
17. " 1818.	Lockport, N. York, U.S.	11	5125
18. " 1819.	Baffin's Bay, Greenland.		
19. " 1819.	Burlington, Otsego Co., New York, U.S.	1775	
20. " 1820.	Guildford Co., N. Carolina, U. S.		
21. " 1822.	Minsk, Brahlin, Russia.		
22. " 1827.	Atacama, Bolivia	22	
23. " 1828.	Caille, Dep. du Var, Fr.		
24. " 1834.	Claiborne Co., Alabama, U. S.	49	
25. Fell Jly 30, 1835.	Dickson Co., Ten., U.S.		
26. Found 1835.	Black Mountain, Buncombe Co., N. Car., U.S.		
27. " 1836?	Fish River, S. Africa.		
28. " 1839.	Ashville, Buncombe Co., N. Carolina, U.S.		
29. " 1839.	Putman Co., Georgia, U.S.	1745	
30. " 1840.	a. Cocke Co., Ten., U.S.	60	
	b. Siver Co., do.	55	
31. " 1840.	Hemalga, Tarapaca, Peru	2	5687
32. " 1841.	Newberry (Lexington), Ruff's Mtn., S. Car. U.S.	4269	
33. " 1842.	Babb's Mill, Green Co., Tennessee, U. S.	4	4854
34. " 1844.	Arva (Szlanicza), Hun.	14	
35. " 1845.	Otsego, New York, U.S.		
36. " 1846.	Jackson Co., Ten., U.S.		
37. " 1846.	Carthage, Smith Co., Tennessee, U.S.	54	
38. " 1847.	Seelaesgen, Brandenburg Prussia	17	5250
39. Fell Jly 14, 1847.	Braunau, Bohemia	1	2167
40. Found 1847.	Chesterville, S. Car., U.S.	4	4831
41. " 1846.	Tula, Russia	1	3323
42. " 1846.	Smithland, Livingston Co., Kentucky, U.S. ..	5	4452
43. " 1847.	Murfreesboro', Rutherford Co., Tennessee, U.S.	6	1010
44. " 1850.	Schwet, Prussia	2	2187
45. " 1850.	Salt River, Kentucky, U.S.		
46. " 1850.	Seneca River, Cayuga Co. New York, U.S.		
47. " 1853.	Lion River, Namaqualand, S. Africa	6014	
48. " 1854.	Tucson, Sonora, Mexico.		
49. " 1854.	Guyaquila, Sta. Rosas, New Mexico.		
50. " 1854.	Madoc, Upper Canada ..	3170	
51. " 1854.	Tazewell, Claiborne Co., Tennessee, U.S.	5176	

52.	Found	1854.	Union Co., Georgia, U.S.	lbs. grs.
53.	"	1854.	Orange River, S. Africa.	
54.	"	1854.	Sarepta, Kirghese Step-	
			pes, Siberia	3500
55.	"	1856-60.	Nelson Co., Kenty., U.S.	3706
56.	"	"	Jewel Hill, Madison Co.,	
			N. Carolina, U.S.	
57.	"	"	Marshall Co., Ken., U.S.	
58.	"	"	Nebraska Territory, Mis-	
			souri, U.S.	
59.	"	"	Robertson Co., Ten., U.S.	
60.	"	"	Lagrange, Oldham Co.,	
			Kentucky, U.S.	
61.	"	" ?	Leadhills, Scotland.	
62.	"	" ?	Mezovasarkelley, Transyl-	
			vania.	
63.	"	" ?	Kamtschatka.	
64.	"	" ?	S. Africa.	

Reports.

COLONIAL SECRETARY'S OFFICE,
18TH MAY, 1863.

The following extract from a report from the Gold Commissioner at Cariboo, containing matters of interest to the public, is hereby published for general information.

By order of the Governor,

WILLIAM A. G. YOUNG.
Mr. O'Reilly, J. P., to the Colonial Secretary,
WILLIAMS LAKE,
29TH APRIL, 1863.

Sir,
I have the honour to report for the information of His Excellency The Governor that I arrived at this station on Thursday the 24th instant, and have in accordance with my instructions taken charge of this district, which I am happy to say I found in a state of perfect tranquillity.

The waggon road is completed to Mr. Felker's at the north end of Lake La Hache, a distance of 128 miles from Lillooet. The damage caused to the road during the winter is, throughout, of a very trifling character, and can be repaired at a very small outlay; it was, however, between Pavillon Mountain and Bridge Creek, very muddy in places, caused by the recent melting of the snow, which had not entirely disappeared on the east slope of the mountains.

I observed on my way up at all the wayside houses, preparations for farming on a large scale, and large tracts of land were being fenced in.

From Bridge Creek, the southern boundary of this district, to Williams Lake, I have roughly estimated that there will be about 500 acres under crop.

Mr. Jeffray reports some 2,500 head of cattle, and about 300 sheep on the Thompson and Bonaparte rivers, a part of which are now being driven to the mines. I have also been informed that the pack-animals which wintered in that district have suffered but little loss, though generally speaking they were not in such good condition as in previous years.

The reports that have reached me from the mines exceed anything that has yet been heard of in the Cariboo country. The "Hard Curry" claim on Williams Creek, in which there are three partners, is said to have taken out in eight hours the almost fabulous quantity of 162½ lbs. weight of gold. This I have heard from Mr. Curry, one of the lucky owners, and from others who were present when the gold was weighed, and I have no doubt of its correctness.

Many of the other claims are likewise exceeding the most sanguine expectations of their holders. I shall, however, on my arrival at Williams Creek, transmit in detail more authentic information.

The reports as to the quantities of provisions in the mines are conflicting; the price of flour is, however, \$1.25 per lb. and all other articles are held at proportionately high rates, which argues that a scarcity is anticipated.

* * * * *
I have, &c., &c.,
(Signed) P. O'REILLY,
P. M. and G. C.

Government Land Reserves.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

A PORTION OF LAND in Cut-Off Valley at and about the 47th Mile Post on the Road from Lillooet, extending half a mile along the said road and across the Valley, as shown by posts on the ground, is Reserved by Government as the possible site of a future town.

R. C. MOODY,
Colonel R. E.,
Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works.
New Westminster, 18th Sept., 1862.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undermentioned Block of Land is Reserved for the present, viz:

On the South side of Burrard Inlet—from the Second Narrows measured 3 miles westwards and one mile backwards from the water.

There is also Reserved from Pre-emption for the present, all the Country Land lying between the aforesaid Reserve and Mr. French's Pre-emption Claim on the Douglas Street Road. Mr. French's is about 5 miles from the Royal Avenue.

R. C. MOODY,
Colonel R. E., and Chief Commissioner.
Lands and Works Department,
New Westminster, 24th Sept., 1862.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

A PORTION OF LAND, commencing at the mouth of the North Arm of the Fraser River, extending around Point Grey, as far as the Naval Reserve in English Bay, Burrard Inlet, to a distance inland of one mile from the shore line, has been Reserved for the present.

R. C. MOODY,
Col. R. E., and C. C. L. W.
Lands and Works Department,
New Westminster, 23rd Dec., 1862.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

THE existing Government Reserves at Sockalee Harbour, Queen Charlotte Island, have been extended from a depth of one mile inland round the whole line of coast encircling Burnaby, George, and Sockalee Islands, to a depth of two miles inland, round the said coast line, and including the said Islands.

R. C. MOODY,
Col. R. E., C. C. L. W.
Lands and Works Department,
New Westminster, January 22nd 1863.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

THE LAND on the right bank of Swift River, extending for about half a mile above and half a mile below the mouth of Lightning Creek, bounded on the west by Swift river and on the east by a line running N.N.W., true, at a distance of about a quarter of a mile back from the mouth of Lightning Creek has been reserved by Government.

ALSO the Land immediately adjoining Pemberton, extending downwards for four miles along the shore of the Lake and for a distance of one mile backwards from the Lake.

R. C. MOODY,
Col. R. E., C. C. L. W.
Lands and Works Department,
New Westminster, 2nd Jan., 1863.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

The undermentioned Lands are reserved by the Government until further notice.

1. That portion on the left bank of Fraser River extending for about half a mile below and a mile above the mouth of Soda Creek, the back line of the reserve being at a distance of one mile from the mouth of the said creek.

2. A rectangular portion commencing abreast of the small Island at the outlet of Quesnel Lake, and extending for a distance of two miles towards the forks, and half a mile back on either side of the stream.

3. A portion of two square miles, bisected by a small creek, at the south eastern extremity of the westernmost branch of Quesnel Lake at a distance of from 15 to 20 miles from its outlet.

4. Two square miles at the mouth of Horse-fly creek.

5 The back line of the reserve at the junction of Quesnel and Fraser rivers is extended from half a mile to one mile from the banks of the river Fraser.

A plan defining more particularly the positions of reserves Nos. 2. 3. & 4. may be seen at the Offices of the Magistrates throughout the Colony on or after the 21st Proximo.

By order of the Governor,
R. C. MOODY,
Col R.E., C.C.L.W
Lands and Works Department,
New Westminster, 26th Feb., 1863.

Also from a point on the left bank of the Fraser, bearing East (true) from Old Fort Alexander, the land extending for one and a half miles down the stream, and half a mile back from it.

R. C. MOODY,
13th March, 1863. Col. R. E., C. C. L. W.

Directory.

HIBBEN & CARSWELL,
Booksellers and Stationers,
YATES STREET, VICTORIA, V. I.

L. A. BENDIXEN,
PROPRIETOR OF THE
ST. GEORGE HOTEL,
View St., between Broad and Douglas Streets,
VICTORIA, V. I.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS

ROYAL ENGINEER CAMP, NEW WESTMINSTER.

Abstract of results for the week ending Saturday, the 30th May, 1863.

Day of the week.	Barometer reduced to 32°	9.30 A.M.										3.30 P.M.										Weather.
		HYGROMETER.					WIND.		Rain in previous 24 hours.	Ozone in previous 24 hours.	SELF REGISTER- ING THERMOM'S			HYGROMETER.					WIND.			
		Dry bulb.	Wet bulb.	Dew point.	Elastic force of vapour.	Humidity.	Direction.	Force 0 to 12			maximum in air.	minimum in air.	minimum on grass.	Dry bulb.	Wet bulb.	Dew point.	Elastic force of vapour.	Humidity.	Direction.	Force 0 to 12		
																					Barometer reduced to 32°	
S	30.051	48.2	43.0	36.8	.219	.048	Calm	0	.165	6	56.8	37.0	34.0	29.943	56.0	48.5	41.7	.264	.558	S.	2	7 Fair.
M	29.958	50.2	46.0	41.4	.261	.719	S.W.	3	.140	7	61.5	42.8	42.0	29.984	55.0	48.0	41.0	.257	.594	S.W.	3	8 Showers.
T	30.099	58.5	51.4	45.0	.299	.610	Calm.	0		7	60.0	40.0	36.0	30.082	61.0	51.0	43.0	.277	.517	S.E.	3	9 Fine.
W	30.094	61.2	52.8	46.1	.312	.577	S.E.	2		6	64.0	36.0	31.0	30.059	71.0	53.5	44.7	.296	.390	W.	2	10 Fine.
T	30.112	66.0	54.5	47.6	.330	.516	S.	2		2	74.8	40.0	36.0	30.050	73.0	59.5	52.7	.398	.491	S.W.	3	11 Fine.
F	30.033	68.1	56.4	49.4	.353	.514	S.	1		2	78.4	42.5	39.0	29.955	78.0	60.6	51.9	.387	.464	S.	3	12 Fine.
S	29.904	72.0	59.0	42.5	.395	.504	S.	2		3	80.4	45.0	41.0	29.829	81.2	64.8	56.6	.459	.431	S.W.	3	13 Fine.

NOTE.—The cistern of the Barometer is 46 feet above the level of the sea.

Hail on the 25th.

Observations taken by
J. CONROY, Lance Corporal, R. E.

R. M. PARSONS, Captain, R. E.